



Embracing Scrumban: A Hybrid Approach to Agile Project Management

A flexible framework that combines the structure of Scrum with the flow of Kanban for teams navigating dynamic workloads and evolving priorities.



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What Is Scrumban?

Definition

Scrumban is a hybrid Agile framework blending structured elements from Scrum with visual workflow and flexibility from Kanban.

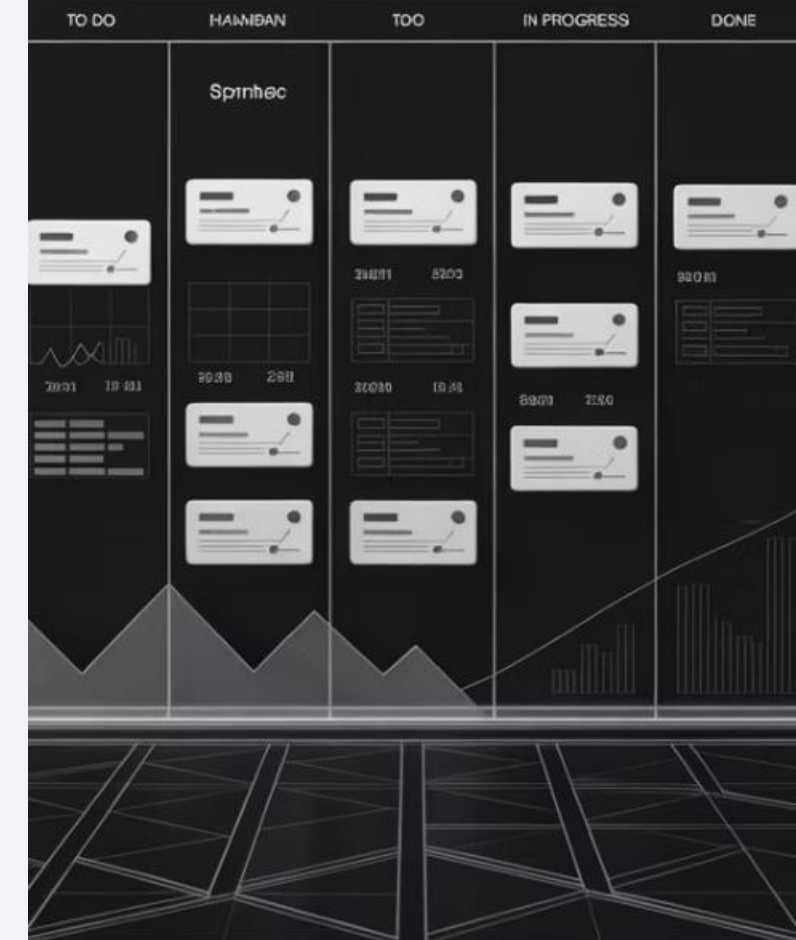
It was originally created to help Scrum teams transition to more flow-based processes.

Core Elements

- Continuous workflow without fixed sprints
- Pull-based task management with WIP limits
- Optional Scrum ceremonies
- Visual Kanban board tracking
- On-demand planning

Scrumban

Hybrid-Agile Methodology



Why Choose Scrumban?



Structure Without Rigidity

Perfect for teams needing framework guidance without Scrum's strict ceremonies.



Handles Changing Priorities

Adapts to frequent scope changes and shifting requirements with ease.



Balances Maintenance & New Features

Accommodates both ongoing support and new development work.

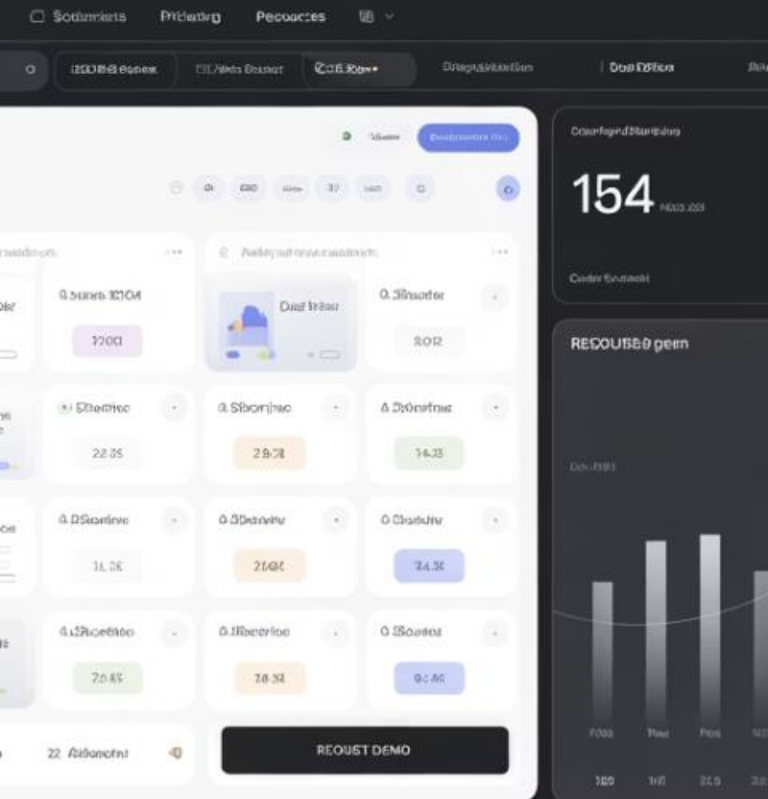


Improves Workflow

Identifies and eliminates bottlenecks through visual management.



Optimize your workflow



Ideal Use Cases

Hybrid Teams

Cross-functional teams with varied workflows and delivery patterns.

Teams working across multiple departments or specializations.

Product Support

Teams balancing bug fixes with feature development.

Support environments with unpredictable work intake.

DevOps Teams

Operations teams managing both planned and unplanned work.

Environments requiring rapid response alongside scheduled tasks.

Agile Transitions

Organizations moving from traditional methods to Agile approaches.

Teams evolving their process maturity gradually.

Scrum Elements in Scrumban



Flexible Planning

Maintains planning routines but schedules them based on need rather than fixed sprints.



Selective Ceremonies

Uses daily stand-ups and retrospectives when beneficial, not by rigid schedule.



Goal-Focused

Sets clear work objectives without strict sprint deadlines.



Backlog Management

Maintains prioritized work items ready to pull into the workflow.



Kanban Contributions to Scrumban

WIP Limits

Restricts tasks in progress to improve focus and prevent bottlenecks.



Flow Metrics

Focuses on cycle time and throughput instead of velocity.



Visual Workflow

Enhances transparency through clear visualization of work stages.



Continuous Delivery

Enables smooth, ongoing release of completed work items.



Visualizing Your Scrumban Board



Backlog

Prioritized items ready for work.



Ready

Top items selected for next pull.



In Progress (WIP Limited)

Currently active work items.



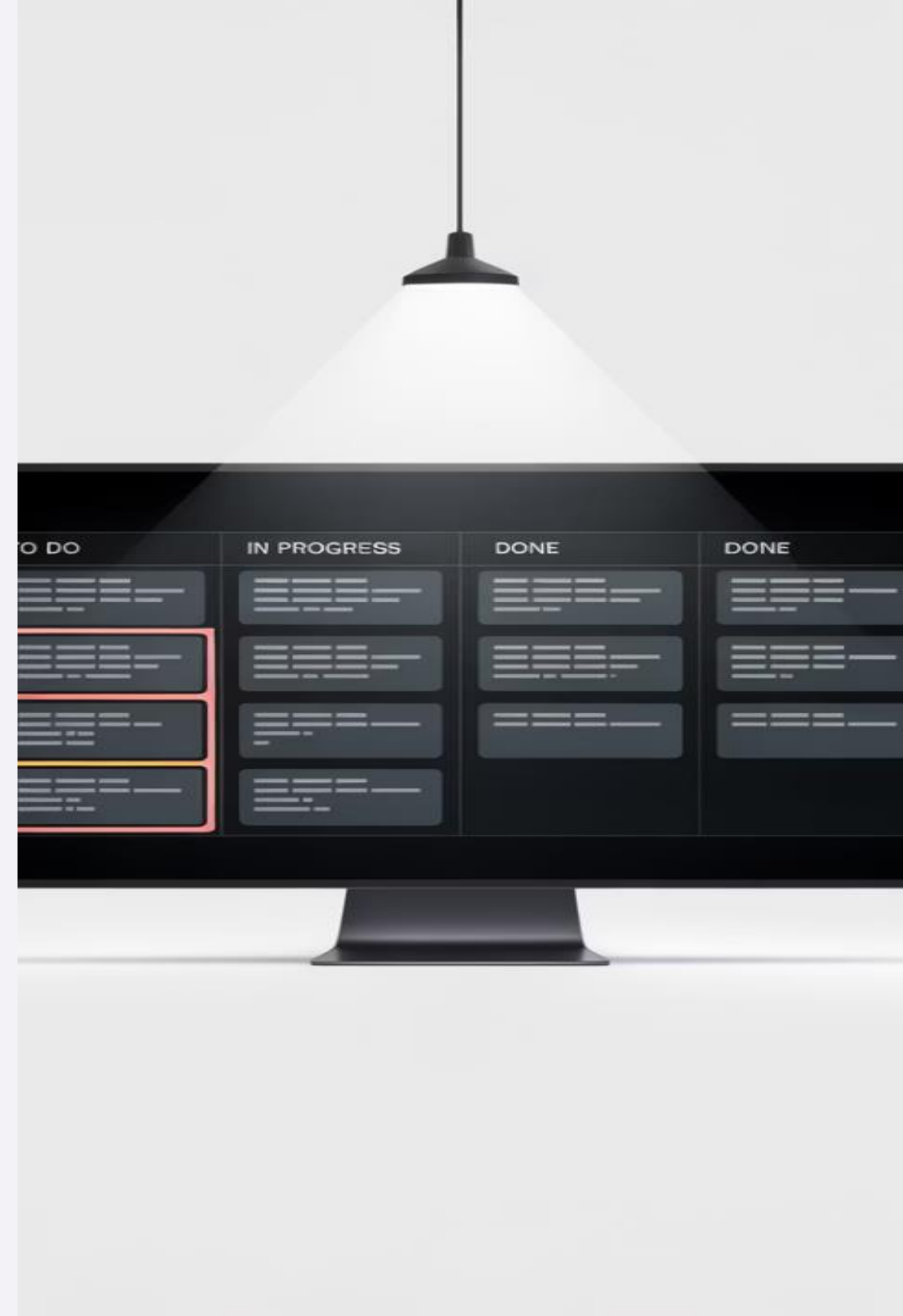
Testing/Review

Verification before completion.



Done

Completed work ready for delivery.





Setting Effective WIP Limits

Analyze Current Capacity

Observe how many tasks team members can handle effectively. Start with your team's natural work pattern as a baseline.

Implement Conservative Limits

Begin with slightly lower limits than current work patterns. A common formula: $\text{Team size} \times 1.5 = \text{Initial WIP limit}$.

Monitor and Adjust

Track bottlenecks and idle time to fine-tune your WIP limits. Reduce limits if quality suffers; increase if workflow stalls.

On-Demand Planning in Action

Planning Trigger

Backlog drops below threshold or team capacity opens up.

Review & Adapt

Regular check-ins to adjust workflow and priorities.



Planning Session

Brief meeting to prioritize and estimate upcoming work.

Work Pull

Team pulls new items from ready queue as capacity allows.

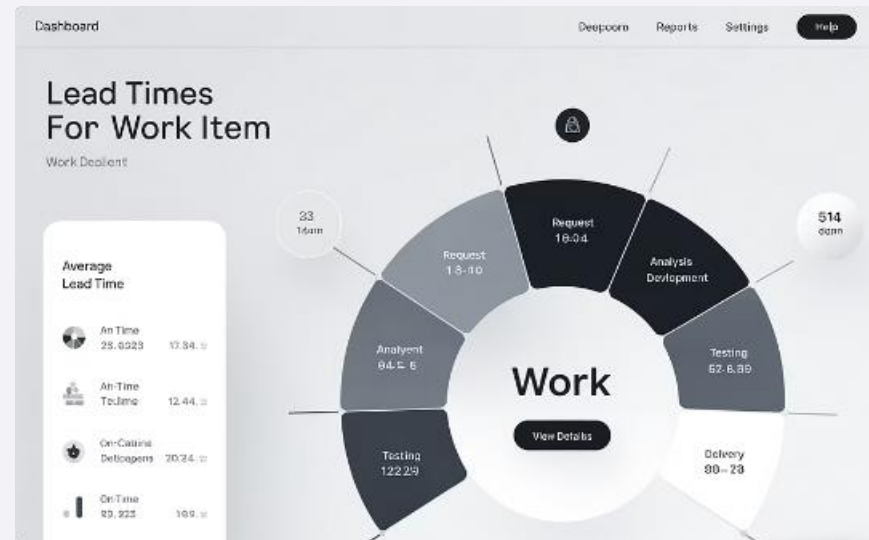
Key Metrics to Track



Cycle Time

Measures how long items take to complete once started.

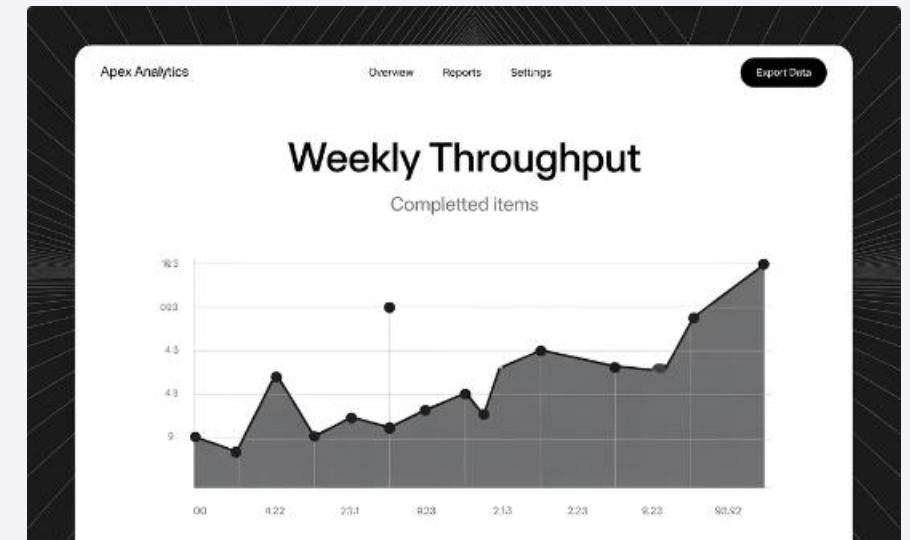
Target: Consistent or decreasing over time.



Lead Time

Tracks total time from request to delivery.

Reveals overall process efficiency.



Throughput

Counts items completed in a time period.

Shows team capacity and productivity trends.

Implementation Roadmap



Map Current Process

Document existing workflow steps and bottlenecks



Create Visual Board

Set up columns reflecting your workflow



Establish WIP Limits

Start conservative and adjust as needed



Implement Key Metrics

Begin tracking cycle time and throughput



Evolve Ceremonies

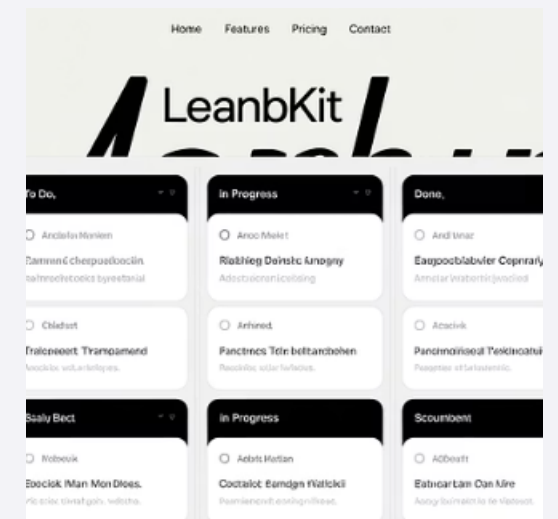
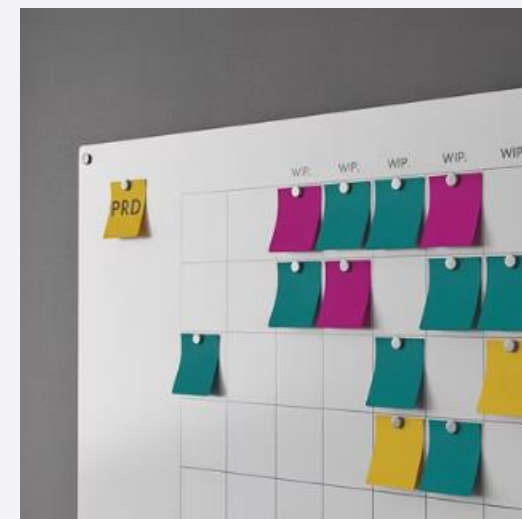
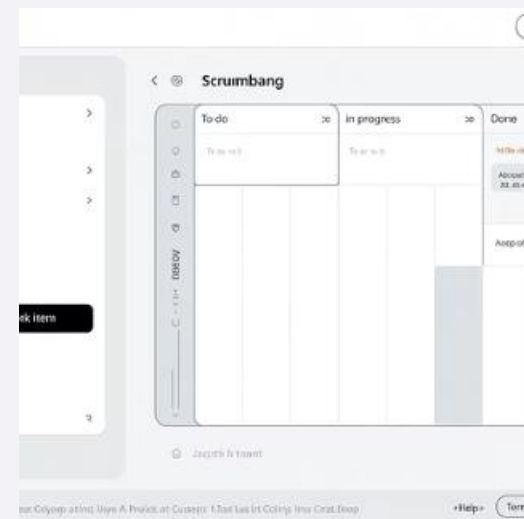
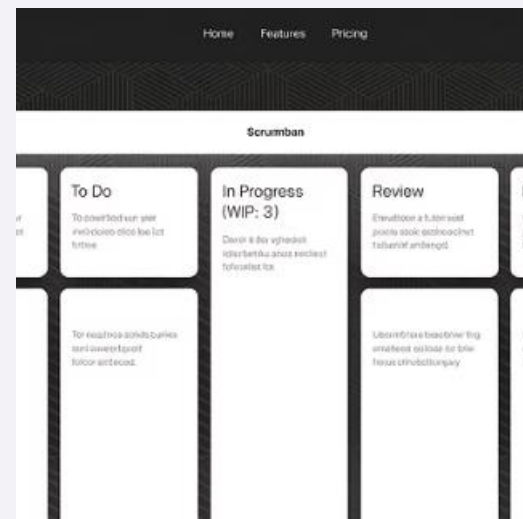
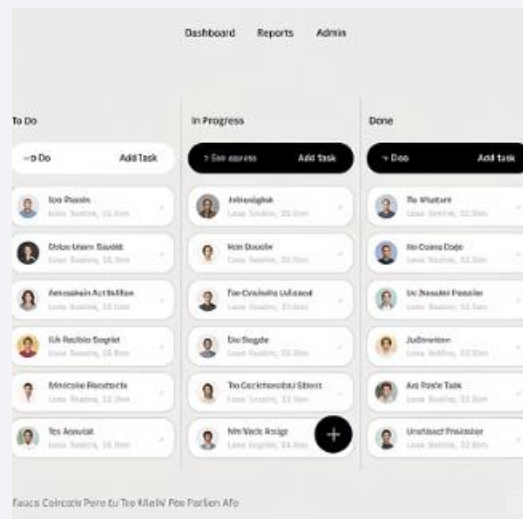
Adapt meetings to support the workflow

Common Challenges and Solutions

Challenge	Solution
Teams ignore WIP limits	Add visual alerts and discuss impacts in retrospectives
Communication gaps	Maintain regular stand-ups and team check-ins
Poor backlog hygiene	Schedule regular grooming sessions based on backlog size
Unclear completion criteria	Establish and display a clear "Definition of Done"
Inconsistent metrics	Use automated tools to track cycle time and throughput



Tools to Support Scrumban



Popular tools include Jira, Trello, Azure DevOps, physical boards, and LeanKit. Each offers unique features to support Scrumban implementation.

Getting Started with Scrumban

1

Start Simple

Begin with your current process visualized on a board.

2

Add WIP Limits

Introduce constraints to manage flow.

3

Track Metrics

Measure cycle time to improve predictability.

4

Evolve Gradually

Adapt ceremonies and practices based on results.





Final Thoughts

Scrumban offers a powerful, flexible approach for Agile teams navigating dynamic workloads and evolving priorities. By combining the structure of Scrum with the flow of Kanban, it empowers teams to stay focused, responsive, and continuously improving—without being bogged down by process.

Whether you're supporting multiple initiatives, scaling Agile in non-software teams, or seeking a better balance between planning and flexibility, Scrumban could be the Agile middle ground you've been looking for.